

Type 310

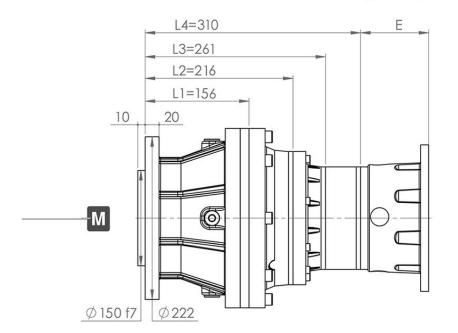
The planetary gearbox stands out as a highly capable solution for industrial systems that demand durability, efficiency, and precise torque delivery. Designed for medium to heavy-duty applications, it is available in four configurations—L1, L2, L3, and L4—making it adaptable to a variety of operational requirements. The single-stage L1 model provides gear ratios between 3.40 and 7.00, delivering torque from 1210 to 3550 Nm. When more significant speed reduction is required, the two-stage L2 version increases the ratio range from 10.88 to 50.40. For applications needing even higher reduction, the L3 setup offers ratios between 64.82 and 259.33, while the four-stage L4 configuration goes further, reaching ratios from 312.98 to as high as 1943.63. This gearbox supports input power levels of 7, 8, 12, or 20 kW, and can operate reliably at speeds of up to 2000 rpm. Whether used in continuous-duty environments or under fluctuating loads, the Type 310 ensures robust performance and long-term reliability.

The Type 310 planetary gearbox, with its wide gear ratio range of up to 1943.63 and high torque output reaching 3550 Nm, is well-suited for demanding industrial applications. Thanks to its ability to handle input powers up to 20 kW, it is commonly used in various sectors. In the mining and drilling industry, it is used in crushers, conveyors, hoisting systems, and ore handling machinery. In the cement and bulk material sectors, it powers rotary kilns, industrial mixers, and large material feeders. The steel and heavy metal industries rely on it for rolling mill drives, rotary mechanisms, and heavy-duty positioning equipment. It is also a reliable choice for recycling and waste management systems, especially for shredders and compactors that deal with hard or bulky materials. In marine and offshore environments, this gearbox is used in winch drives, anchor handling systems, and rotary units on offshore platforms. Additionally, it serves well in material handling and automation, including pallet lifts, cranes, and any application that requires consistent torque at reduced speeds.

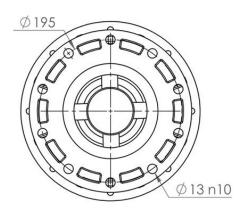
i		T2 [Nm]						n1 max	T2 max	pt
		n2*h								
L	1/	10000 (10)4	25000 (2.5*10)4	50000 (5*10)4	100000 (10)5	500000 (5*10)5	1000000 (10)6	[min]	[Nm]	[Kw]
L1	3.40	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010	2000	5500	20
	4.00	3450	3190	2900	2550	2310	2010			
	5.00	2930	2420	2110	1910	1730	1660			
	5.80	2600	2150	1870	1760	1590	1520			
	7.00	2000	1660	1450	1390	1260	1210			
L2	10.88	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010	2000	5500	12
	12.80	3450	3190	2900	2550	2310	2010			
	13.94	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010			
	15.10	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010			
	16.40	3450	3190	2900	2550	2310	2010			
	17.76	3450	3190	2900	2550	2310	2010			
	18.43	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010			
	21.68	3450	3190	2900	2550	2310	2010			
	24.48	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010			
	27.10	2930	2420	2110	1910	1730	1660			
	28.80	3450	3190	2900	2550	2310	2010			
	31.44	2600	2150	1870	1760	1590	1520			
	36.00	2930	2420	2110	1910	1730	1660			
	41.76	2600	2150	1870	1760	1590	1520			
	50.40	2000	1660	1450	1390	1260	1210			
L3	64.82	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010	2000	5500	8
	67.56	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010			
	70.20	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010			
	79.49	3450	3190	2900	2550	2310	2010			
	86.57	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010			
	93.75	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010			
	99.36	2930	2420	2110	1910	1730	1660			
	100.81	3450	3190	2900	2550	2310	2010			
	101.84	3450	3190	2900	2550	2310	2010			
	110.29	3450	3190	2900	2550	2310	2010			
	114.44	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010			
	126.02	2930	2420	2110	1910	1730	1660			
	127.31	2930	2420	2110	1910	1730	1660			

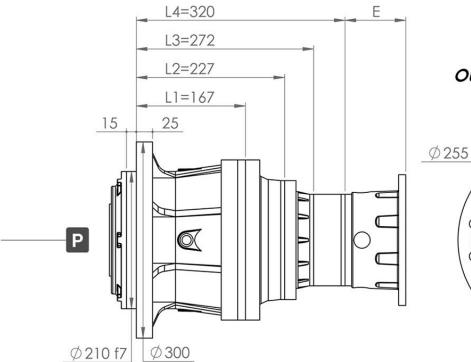
i		T2 [Nm]						n1 max	T2 max	pt
L	1/	n2*h								
		10000 (10)4	25000 (2.5*10)4	50000 (5*10)4	100000 (10)5	500000 (5*10)5	1000000 (10)6	[min]	[Nm]	[Kw]
L3	134.63	3450	3190	2900	2550	2310	2010	2000	5500	8
	137.86	2930	2420	2110	1910	1730	1660			
	152.02	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010			
	168.29	2930	2420	2110	1910	1730	1660			
	259.33	2600	2150	1870	1760	1590	1520			
	312.98	2000	1660	1450	1390	1260	1210			
	303.85	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010	2000	5500	7
	314.18	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010			
	329.05	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010			
	402.54	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010			
	435.92	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010			
	532.14	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010			
L4	582.16	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010			
	632.45	3450	3190	2900	2550	2310	2010			
	684.90	3450	3190	2900	2550	2310	2010			
	863.84	2000	1660	1450	1390	1260	1210			
	944.05	3550	3340	3300	2910	2420	2010			
	1110.65	3450	3190	2900	2550	2310	2010			
	1198.57	2000	1660	1450	1390	1260	1210			
	1463.12	2000	1660	1450	1390	1260	1210			
	1943.63	2000	1660	1450	1390	1260	1210			

SH 310



Output Flange Dimensions

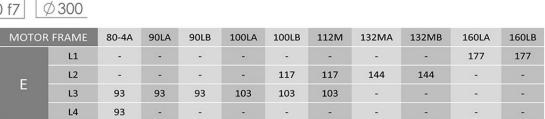


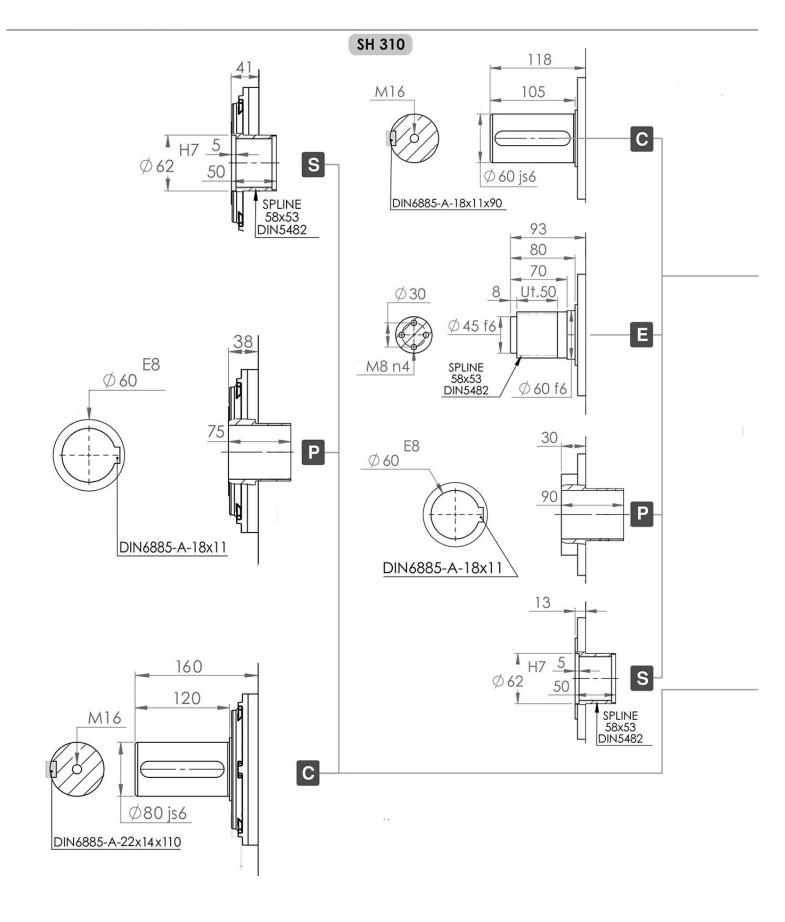


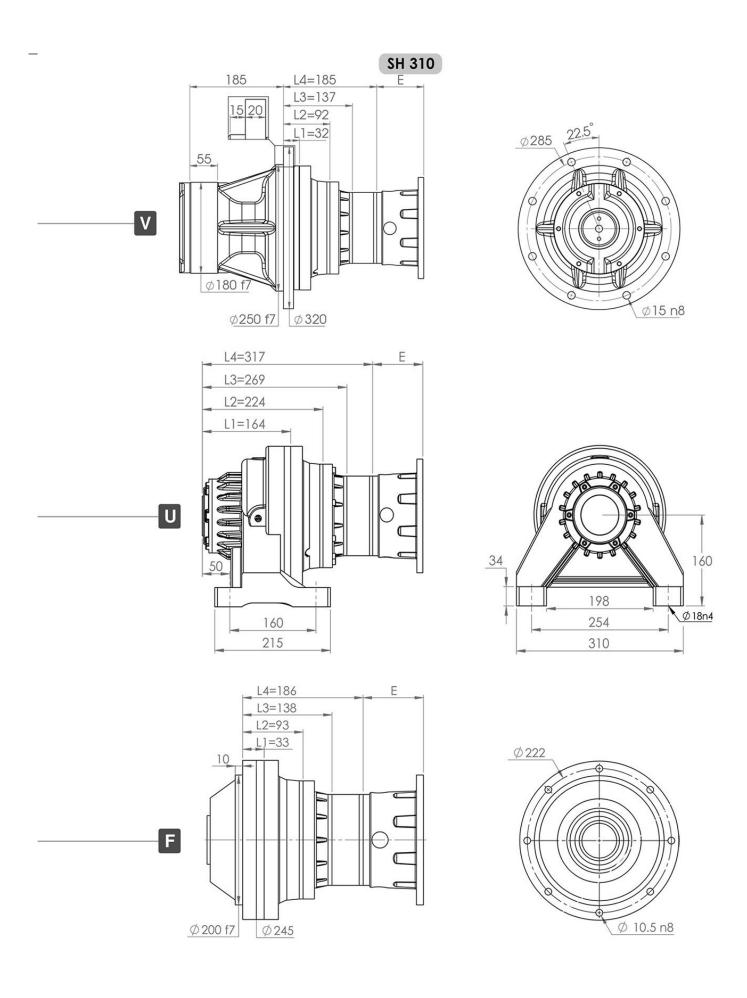
Output Flange Dimensions

Ø15 n16

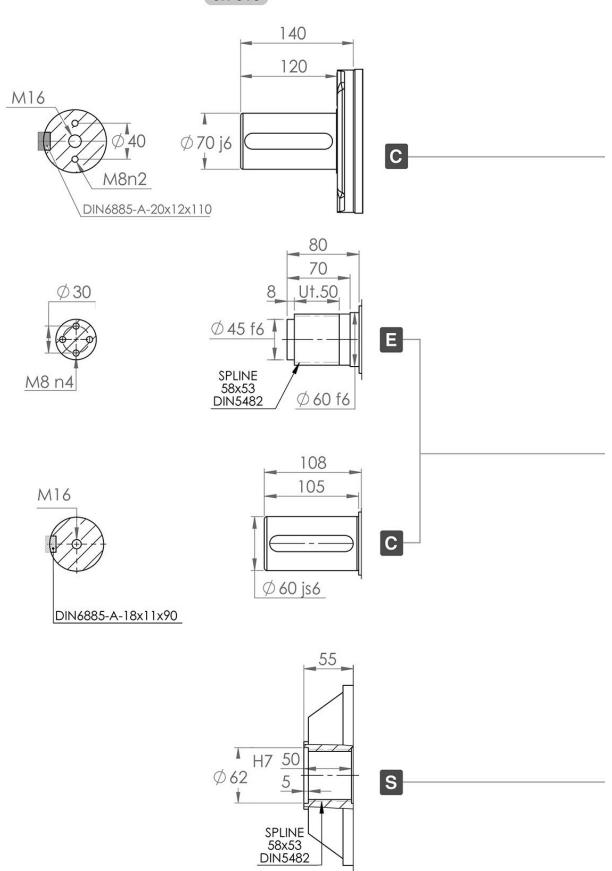
11.25°

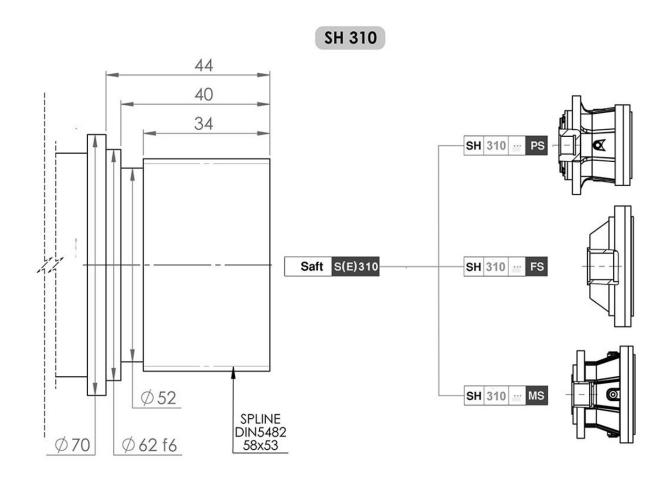


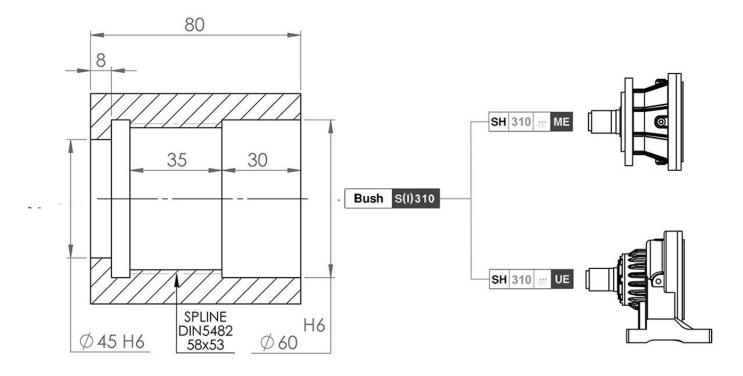


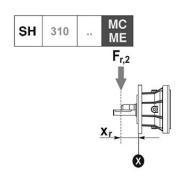


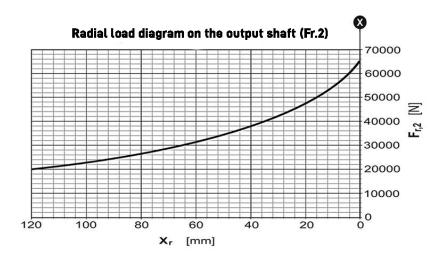
SH 310

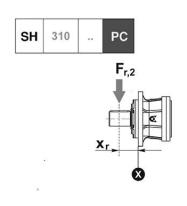


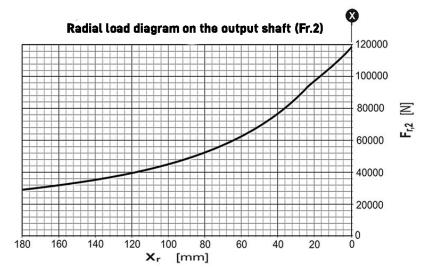


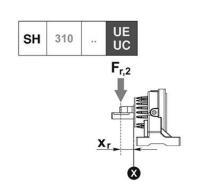


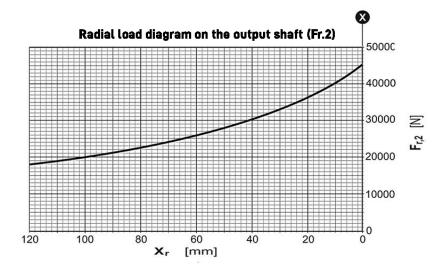


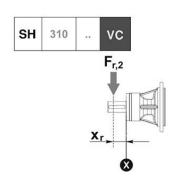


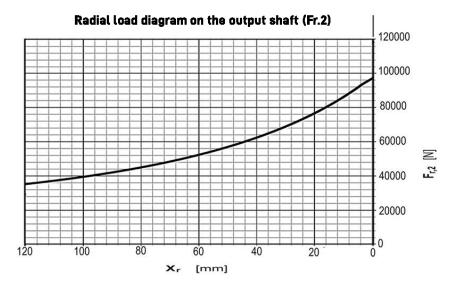




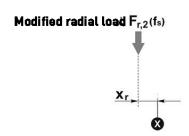


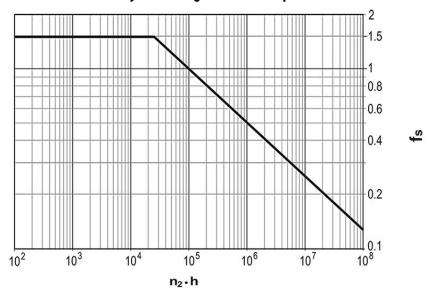






Radial load safety factor diagram on the output shaft





Modified radial load $F_{r.2}(f_s) = F_{r.2} \times f_s$